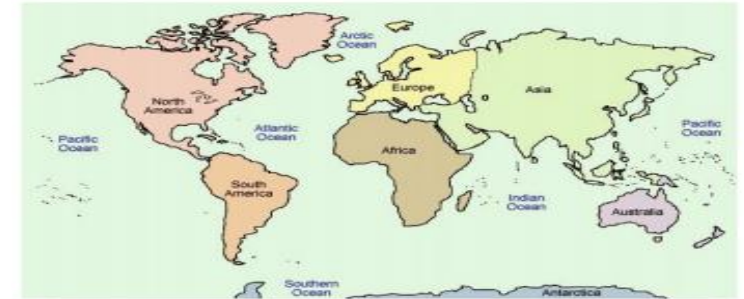


# Year 5 Locational Knowledge/Human and Physical Geography – South America and Rainforests

## Why should the Rainforest be important to us all?

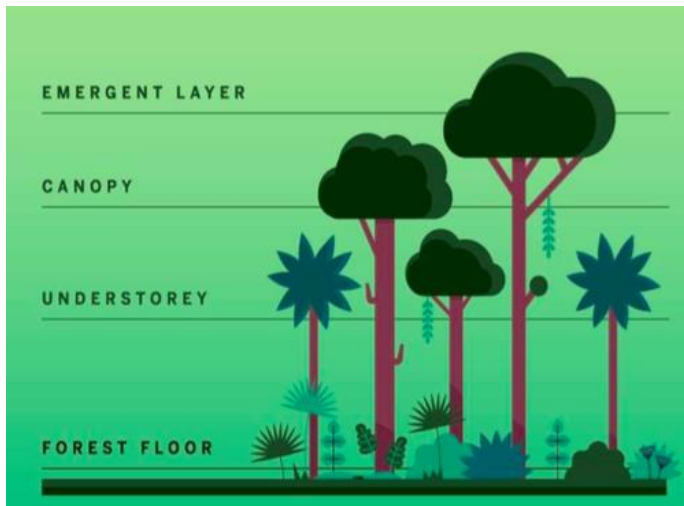
- 1) Continent – a large area of land made up of multiple countries.  
The seven continents of the world are – Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe and Australia.
- 2) Ocean – a large body of water (larger and deeper than a sea)  
The five oceans of the world are - Pacific Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Arctic Ocean.
- 3) Equator - An imaginary line around the middle of the Earth at an equal distance from the North Pole and the South Pole.



### South America

- 4) Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Guyana, Paraguay, Peru, Suriname, Uruguay, Venezuela are countries in South America.
- 5) Brazil – a country in South America Brasilia – the capital city of Brazil
- 6) Portuguese – the official language spoken in Brazil.
- 7) Major Cities – Rio De Janeiro, Sao Paulo
- 8) Physical Features of Brazil – The Amazon Rainforest, The Amazon River, Iguacu Falls, Beaches
- 9) Human Features of Brazil – Christ the Redeemer, Copacabana





**Rainforest - A forest that receives a large amount of rain all year round**

**Tropical wet climate zone - Also known as a rainforest. It has predictably warm weather and regular rainfall.**

**Emergent layer - Giant trees push above the canopy and grow mushroom-like crowns**

**Canopy - Broad irregular trees grow a dense, continuous canopy of leaves 60-90 feet above the ground**

**Understory layer - Small trees and shrubs that can grow in low light**

**Forest floor - Dark, damp ground level**

**The Amazon is the world's largest rainforest**

**Deforestation - when forests are destroyed by cutting trees (logging) and not replanting them.**